

TutorMandarin



我明天去上课

Wǒ míngtiān qù shàngkè

I will go to class tomorrow.



导入 Warm up

- 你几点上课?

Nǐ jǐdiǎn shàngkè ?

What time do you have class?



生词 Vocabulary



昨天

zuótiān

N. yesterday



我们**昨天**去那家饭馆吃饭。

Wǒmen **zuótiān** qù nà jiā fànguǎn chīfàn.

We went to that restaurant yesterday.



明天

míngtiān

N. tomorrow

Tomorrow

明天要不要去吃饭？

Míngtiān yào bù yào qù chīfàn?

Do you want to go and eat tomorrow?

生词 Vocabulary



什么时候

shénme shíhou

Question Word. when



你什么时候去看电影？

Nǐ shénme shíhou qù kàn diànyǐng?

When are you going to watch movie?



上午

shàngwǔ

N. morning



他上午跟妹妹做菜。

Tā shàngwǔ gēn mèimei zuòcài.

I cook with my sister in the morning.

生词 Vocabulary



星期

xīngqī



N. week

这个**星期**我们要去看电影。

Zhège xīngqī wǒmen yào qù kàn diànyǐng.

This week we are going to watch movie.



起床

qǐchuáng

Vo. To wake up



我八点起床。

Wǒ bādiǎn qǐchuáng.

I wake up at 8.



早饭

zǎofàn

N. breakfast



我们上午九点吃**早饭**。

Wǒmen shàngwǔ jiǔdiǎn chī **zǎofàn**.

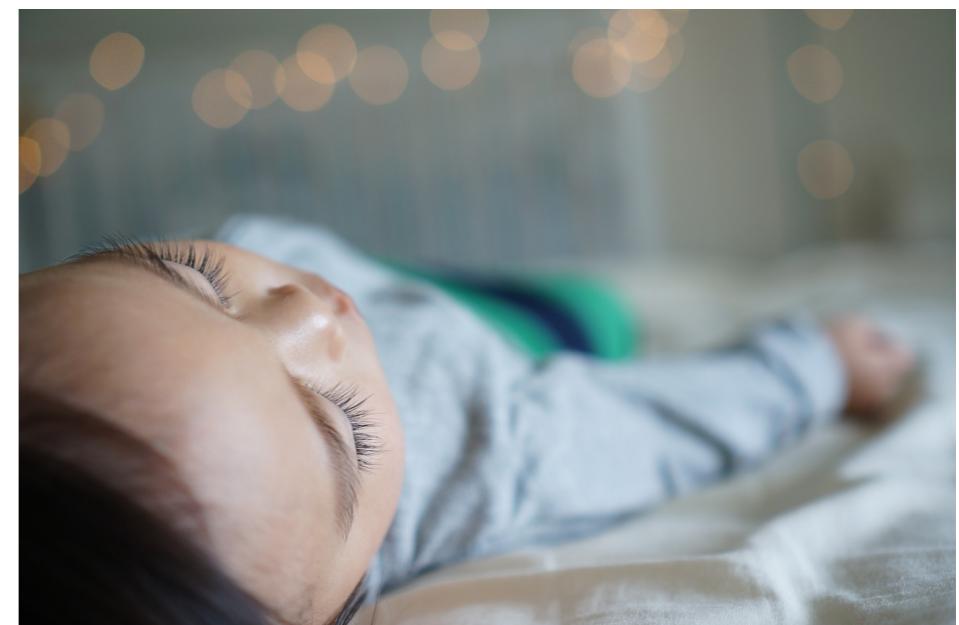
We eat breakfast at 9 in the morning.



睡觉

shuìjiào

Vo. To sleep



我爸爸十点**睡觉**。

Wǒ bàba shídiǎn **shuìjiào**.

My dad sleeps at 22:00.



上课

shàngkè

Vo. To go to class



昨天我们去上课也去看电影。

Zuótiān wǒmen qù shàngkè yě qù kàn diànyǐng.

We went to class also watched movie yesterday.



Answer the following questions based on the picture shown.

① 他几点起床?

Tā jǐdiǎn qǐchuáng?

7:00

② 他昨天去看电影吗?

Tā zuótiān qù kàn diànyǐng ma?



③ 他明天要做什么?

Tā míngtiān yào zuò shénme?





Answer the following questions based on the picture shown.

④ 他星期几上课?

Tā xīngqī jǐ shàngkè?

TUESDAY

⑤ 他几点睡觉?

Tā jǐdiǎn shuìjiào?





去 qù

◆ V. To go to do something with

去qù+V indicates the intention to go do something.

我们去饭馆吃饭。

Wǒmen qù fànguǎn chīfàn.

We go and eat in the restaurant.





去 qù

◆ V. To go to do something with

去qù+V indicates the intention to go do something.

我们和老师都去看电影。

Wǒmen hé lǎoshī dōu qù kàn diànyǐng.

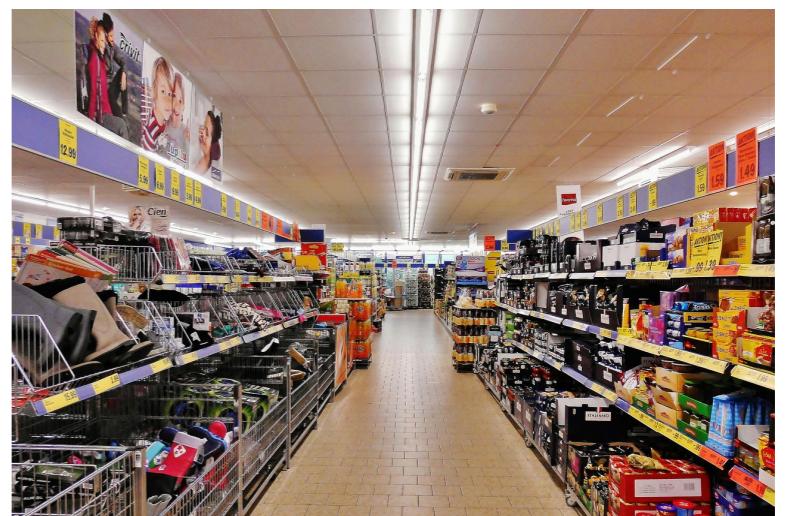
We and the teacher are all going to see the movie.



练习 Exercise



Use 去qù to make a sentence for every picture.





Time of activity

- ◆ Sentence pattern: Subject + time + event or time + subject + event.
- ◆ The subject of the sentence occurs either in front of or after time.

我昨天上午去看电影。

Wǒ zuótiān shàngwǔ qù kàn diànyǐng.

I watched movie yesterday morning.



我明天上午九点上课。

Wǒ míngtiān shàngwǔ jiǔdiǎn shàngkè.

I have class at 9am tomorrow.





① 他们几点去吃饭?

Tāmen jǐdiǎn qù chīfàn?

七点
qīdiǎn

② 他什么时候上课?

Tā shénme shíhou shàngkè?

星期一九点
xīngqī yī jiǔdiǎn

③ 他什么时候吃早饭?

Tā shénme shíhou chī zǎofàn?

上午七点
shàngwǔ bādiǎn



④ 他们几点睡觉?

Tāmen jǐdiǎn shuìjiào?

十一点
shíyīdiǎn

⑤ 他明天去做什么?

Tā míngtiān zuò shénme?

买东西
mǎi dōngxi

⑥ 他昨天做什么?

Tā zuótiān zuò shénme?

上网
shàngwǎng



跟 gēn

◆ preposition companionship with

The 跟gēn introduces somebody one does something with.

我跟我妹妹吃早饭。

Wǒ gēn wǒ mèimei chī zǎofàn.

I eat breakfast with my sister.





跟 gēn

◆ preposition companionship with

The 跟gēn introduces somebody one does something with.

我跟家人去日本。

Wǒ gēn wǒ jiārén qù Rìběn.

I go to Japan with my family.





① 他喜欢跟谁吃饭?

Tā xǐhuan gēn shéi chīfàn?



② 他喜欢跟谁去看电影?

Tā xǐhuān gēn shéi qù kàn diànyǐng?



③ 他跟谁吃早饭?

Tā gēn shéi chī zǎofàn?



④ 他跟他妹妹昨天做什么?

Tā gēn tā mèimei zuótiān zuò shénme?





要 yào

◆ Verb. To want to

要yào Indicates to want to do something

我们明天要去电影院。

Wǒmen míngtiān yào qù kàn diànyǐng.

We want to go and watch movie tomorrow.





要 yào

◆ Verb. To want to

要yào Indicates to want to do something

他们十点要睡觉。

Tāmen shídiǎn yào shuìjiào.

They want to sleep at 10pm.





讨论 Discussion

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